Delivering the Business Plan Quarter ending 30th June 2012

Notes on the figures

All reported figures exclude casual employees and agency/professional services staff (unless stated).

Wiltshire Council figures exclude Fire, Police and Schools:

- Headcount = Number of positions that are filled, not individual people.
- **FTE** = "Full Time Equivalents" which take into account actual working hours to show accurate staffing levels.

"Annualised" means we take the measured amount divide it by the months it covers and multiply it by 12 to give an estimate of the rate that would be seen throughout the year.

"YTD" means year to date i.e. all reportable information since April 2012 has been included.

The **Voluntary staff turnover** section does not include information for those who leave due to statutory retirement, ill health, compulsory or voluntary redundancy, dismissals, end of contract, unsatisfactory probation and TUPE transfers as these are classified as compulsory reasons. Only voluntary leavers are included as these are the individuals that have decided to leave for their own reasons and therefore it may not be in Wiltshire's best interest. Overall turnover rates will be higher and can be analysed upon request.

Although the cost associated with turnover is not readily available, CIPD estimate that the recruitment cost of replacing a leaver is £2,930. Based on last year's turnover rate (8.3%) we could estimate that 446 employees will leave Wiltshire Council during 2012-13 resulting in costs of £1,306,780.

% <1 year turnover rate: The cost of turnover in this group is generally higher as the investment in recruitment, induction and training is unlikely to be recovered within such a short time period.

Redundancy figures relate to all redundancies made not just those as part of major service reviews.

The **sickness measure** given is an estimate of the number of FTE days that each FTE will take over 12 months based on the number of working days lost from April to the end of June 2012.

If you have any queries on these reports or requests for further information, please contact Paul Rouemaine, HR Information Manager, on 01225 756159 or Paul.Rouemaine@Wiltshire.gov.uk

Wiltshire Council (excl. Schools). Quarter ended: 30th June 2012

HR Information Team Observations:

Reduction 1 in headcount

This quarter, Communities had the greatest increase in headcount and now stands at 342 (+67); this is largely due to Housing Management moving into the service area. The greatest reduction in headcount this quarter took place in Children & Families Social Care; reducing to 593 (-75). Some of this reduction is due to voluntary redundancies (17), however, 11 also left due to family commitments/domestic/personal and 9 Health Workers were TUPE transferred out of Integrated Youth. Overall turnover in Children & Families Social Care was 46.9% (24.7% voluntary turnover) this quarter.

Manager to 2 employee ratio still above golden ratio

The ratio of managers to employees is still above the golden rule at 1:8 (golden rule = 1:6).

Seasonal 3 decrease in sickness

As with this time last year, the annualised sickness rate estimate dropped this quarter by approx. 1.0 day per FTE.

Children's Commissioning and Performance saw the largest reduction in sickness rate estimates compared to the last quarter (-7.1); this is largely due to two long term absences of 103 and 41 days ending in February and March 2012.

The lowest sickness rate estimates were observed in Policy and Performance and Economy and Regeneration at 2.3 (+0.1) and 2.8 (-1.1) days lost respectively.

'Stress/depression/mental health/fatigue' continues to account for the highest proportion of sickness days lost at 22.9% (+1.7%). 'Stomach' now accounts for the second highest proportion of sickness days lost at 11.6% (+1.8%).

'Stomach' is now the most commonly occurring sickness reason with absences lasting for 2.4 days on average. Absences for 'heart, blood pressure and circulation' last 12.1 days on average and account for the second longest average absence length after 'other - cancer/tumours/growth'; 13.1 days on average (-12.8).

The percentage of absences over 20 days decreased this quarter and is now at 42.2% (-4.8%). Transformation has the highest percentage of absences over 20 days at 80.2% (+20.4%); this is largely due to two employees having annualised absences of 140 and 84 days due to headache/migraine and eye problems respectively.

Redundancy 4 increase

The number of redundancies made this quarter doubled to 66. Schools and Learning had the highest number of redundancies this quarter, with 31 (47%). Children and Families had the second highest making 17. In both cases these redundancies were due to service reviews; the remaining redundancies were spread across the Council representing no significant numbers.

Increase in voluntary turnover

The voluntary turnover rate has increased this quarter to 10.0% (+1.7%). This is largely due to a high voluntary turnover rate in Children and Families Social Care; 24.7% (+10.1%). Resignation due to family commit/domestic/personal was the most common voluntary reason for leaving (28.2%), followed by resignation due to alternative employment not with an LA (23.1%). Children and Families Social Care had 29 more voluntary leavers than for the same quarter last year; 39 in total.

Disciplinary and 6 grievance cases remain low

Both disciplinary and grievance cases have increased this quarter, to 6.8 (+3.8) and 2.3 (+0.3) cases respectively per 1000 employees, but remain below the benchmark. For the quarter; the most disciplinary cases per 1000 employees were in Communities (23.4 per 1000 employees, 2 disciplinary cases this quarter) and Neighbourhood Services (22.4 per 1000 employees, 5 disciplinary cases this quarter). Whilst Adult Care Operations and Neighbourhood Services had 1 grievance case each, no grievance cases were filed in any other service.

No health and 7 safety incidents

There were no health and safety RIDDOR reported incidents this quarter.

Increase in 8 annualised wage bill

The increase in wage costs of contracted employees this quarter is partly due to 179 employees, who would have previously fallen into the casual spend, being included in the spend this quarter; attributing to an annualised cost of £602,192.80. However, the main reason for this increase is due to the 66 redundancy payments made across WC this quarter; resulting in an estimated redundancy cost of £1.15m, compared to just £0.20m for the previous guarter.

Increase in spend 9 on casuals

This increase in casual spend is predominantly caused by Neighbourhood Services who spend on casuals has doubled to an annualised amount of £156,220.04 (+97.6%). Approximately 90% of the spend on casuals in Neighbourhood Services was for roles in Leisure. The Finance service also increased it's spend on casual staff by an annualised amount of £77,246.08 (+260.0%). The largest proportion of the spend on casuals in Finance, approximately 26%, was spent within the Revenue and Benefit Services.

Largest wage bill increase in Schools and Learning

The annualised wage bill for WC, including casual contracts has increased to £116,580,101.60. The largest increase in total wage bill was in Schools and Learning who saw an increase of £0.4m (+12.2%) during the quarter. In Schools and Learning, the increase in the wage bill is likely to be due to the 31 redundancy payments made during this quarter.

Minimal 11 change in percentage of high earners

Transformation and Economy & Regeneration have the highest percentage of employees earning more than £50,000 (7.02% and 6.67% respectively). Law and Governance currently have the highest percentages of employees earning more than £58,200 (Senior Civil Service minimum pay band) at 2.63%.

This page gives you information relating to important employee measures:

The number of positions that are		Staff	fing levels					
filled by contracted staff		Measure Relating to Quarter (unless stated)	wc		ange sinc	e last		"Full Time
	•	Headcount (as at end of period)	5258		-118 (-2	.19%)		Equivalents"
	1	FTE (as at end of period)	4012		-61 (-1.	49%)	◆	which take into
Part of the FTE/HC change above may be	>	FTE change due to TUPE transfers in vs. out	+5.6		+81.4 (last	quarter)		working hours to show accurate
explained by these measures	•	FTE change due to employee hour changes	-1.3		-9.2 (last o	quarter)		staffing levels
	*	Ratio of starters to leavers (FTE)	1:2.1		1:1.0 (last	quarter)		
How many starters we have had for every one leaver		Workford	ce Information	on				
		Measure			wc	Last period		
The % of leavers who completed an	•	Ratio of managers to empl	ovees		1:8	1:9		The % of posts
exit interview		% Exit questionnaires complete			8%	14%		filled by an internal
		% of total vacancies filled by internative year to date	ıl appointment	: -	60%	46%	•	candidate
		% management posts filled by appointment - year to d			88%	85%		The FTE of people
		FTE of managers			608	613	_	management
The		Number of redundancies made d	uring quarter		66	33		posts
percentage of days lost		Sickne	ss Absence)				
during absences that last for over		Measure			wc	Last period	t	
20 days		Working days lost per FTE (ytd a	annualised)		7.8 days	8.7 day	S	
(deemed to be		% of total days lost to absences over	er 20 days (ytd))	42.2%	47.0%]
long term)								

The number of RIDDOR incidents that have occurred. http://www.hse.gov.uk/riddor.htm.

	Health and Safety					
	Measure	WC	Last period			
>	No. of workplace incidents/injuries reported per	0.0	2.4			
	1000 employees (ytd annualised)	0.0	2.4			

The number of employees who left voluntarily before completing one year service as a percentage of the employees in post with less than one year's service.

Voluntary Staff Turnover					
Measure	WC	Last period			
% staff turnover (ytd annualised)	10.0%	8.3%			
% <1 year turnover rate (ytd annualised)	15.2%	13.5%			
Average leavers' length of service	9.4 years	9.4 years			

Disciplinary and Grievance Cases				
Measure	WC	Last period		
New disciplinary cases per 1000 employees (annualised)	6.8	3.0		
New grievance cases per 1000 employees (annualised)	2.3	2.0		

This section gives you information relating to your workforce costs:

Salary Transparency and Accountability				
Measure	wc	Last period		
% of headcount (above) paid over £50,000 annual salary	2.00%	2.01%		
% of headcount (above) paid over £100,000 annual salary	0.08%	0.07%		
% of headcount (above) paid over £150,000 annual salary	0.00%	0.00%		
Headcount paid over £58,200 FTE annual salary	38	40		

Why this is important: Under the Code of Recommended Practice for Local Authorities on Data Transparency we are required to publish salary information for employees earning more than £58,200. Under the Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2011 section 7.2.b there is a requirement to publish in the statement of accounts the number of employees earning £50,000 or more.

Employee costs				
Measure	wc	Last period		
Relating to Quarter (unless stated)	110	Last period		
Total paid in salaries to contracted employees (annualised)	£113,517,282.92	£110,656,616.12		
Total paid in salary to casual employees (annualised)	£3,062,818.68	£2,715,605.28		
Total salary pay (annualised)	£116,580,101.60	£113,372,221.40		
Total paid to agency workers	£1,834,390.99	£1,497,232.47		
Median employee basic salary (as at end of period)	£18,453.00	£19,276.08		

Additional financial information				
Measure	WC	Last period		
Cost of sick pay (ytd)	£676,851.12	£2,778,852.07		
Cost/saving-of employee hour changes (during period)	£16,679.40	-£123,641.28 ◀		

The cost or saving made by employee's changing the hours they work

Why this is important: Sick pay amounted to £2,778,852 across Wiltshire Council during the 2011-12 financial year and therefore this is a substantial area of spend that should be minimised whenever possible. Some services may also be looking to employees to work more hours than they previously have done to cover gaps where a reduction in the headcount of employees has been made. It is therefore important that we keep track of the change in FTE resulting from employees changing their hours.

BENCHMARK DATA

Benchmark figures are supplied by DLA Piper Benchmarker. The Local Authority benchmarks represent combined data from 54 subscriber Local Authorities. The Private Sector benchmarks represent data from approximately 250 private sector organisations classified as "large" (over 1000 employees), consisting of a mix of Financial, Professional and Support Services; Manufacturing, Engineering and Processing; and Retail and Leisure.

Sickness Absence					
Measure	Local Authorities Median	Local Authorities lower Quartile	Private Sector Median		
Working days lost per FTE	9.9	8.7 (lower q.)	5.7		
Average length of absence (FTE days)	5.8	4.9	3.5		
% of absences over 20 days	55%	42%	40.5%		

Health and Safety					
Measure	Local Authorities Median	Local Authorities Lower Quartile	Private Sector Median		
No. of workplace incidents/injuries reported per 1000 employees	5.9	2.8	8.0		

Voluntary Turnover					
Measure	Local Authorities	Local Authorities	Private Sector		
Measure	Median	Lower Quartile	Median		
% staff turnover	7.0%	5.6%	10.5%		
% staff turnover of leavers within first year's service	n/a	n/a	n/a		

Disciplinary and Grievance Cases						
Measure	Local Authorities Median	Local Authorities Lower Quartile	Private Sector Median			
No. of disciplinary cases per 1000 employees	9.2	5.0	44.8			
No. of grievance cases per 1000 employees	3.8	2.8	6.4			